WHAT EVER HAPPENED TO SHARED PROSPERITY?

Our nation’s output per person doubled since 1970. But most of us don’t share this prosperity. Why? Most of it goes to the top.

It wasn’t always this way. After World War II, Americans began to expect that growing abundance would be more widely shared.

Progress toward shared prosperity has been reversed. How? Through an assault on middle- and lower-income people by Corporate America and its political partners. By shipping millions of jobs overseas. By increasing profits at the expense of workers and the environment. Through tax giveaways to the rich. By a decline in effective political protest.

WHAT WOULD SHARED PROSPERITY MEAN NOW?

Secure, living-wage jobs for all • Equal opportunity • A safe workplace • Occupational advancement

A more humane workplace • Increased worker autonomy • Collective bargaining rights • Paid vacation and sick leave • Quality, affordable child care • Reduced work time • More time for family, community and leisure • Paid family leave • Health care for all • Public health protection • Affordable housing • Sustainable energy • A clean environment • Affordable, accessible public transportation

Lifelong education • Decent income and services for the elderly, disabled and ill

HOW CAN WE START BACK TO SHARED PROSPERITY?

Reduce the Chronic Jobs and Public Investment Deficits

Initiate a Drive for “Decent Work”

The Chronic Jobs Deficit  Even with the unemployment rate 4-5%, there are millions more unemployed workers than available jobs. And that’s not even counting the underemployed and underpaid. The chronic jobs deficit is especially high and burdensome for minorities and youth.

The Public Investment Deficit  Underinvestment in public transit, bridges, levees, schools and other infrastructure. Underinvestment in child, elder and health care, education, housing and other basics. A nation that fails to invest in its human, physical and environmental resources is doomed to decline.

Decent Work through Public Investment Is a Win/Win Solution

Over
EVERY JOB SHOULD BE DECENT WORK

Decent work sums up the aspirations of people in their working lives. It involves opportunities for work that is productive and delivers a fair income, security in the workplace and social protection for families, better prospects for personal development and social integration, freedom for people to express their concerns, organize, and participate in the decisions that affect their lives and equality of opportunity and treatment for all women and men.

—International Labour Organization (ILO)

STEP 1. Support bills introduced in Congress and other proposals to meet urgent, unmet public needs and create millions of living-wage jobs. If all pending job legislation were enacted, this would substantially reduce unemployment, underemployment and the public investment deficit.

STEP 2. Reduce military spending to genuine defense needs and stop the Bush tax cuts for the rich that increase inequality and cost the Treasury billions. Public investments pay for themselves in the long run, but start-up costs can be met through ending the tax giveaways and wasteful military spending.

STEP 3. Introduce and Pass the 21st Century Public Investment Act To provide for high-priority public works and services that aren’t currently funded, with emphasis on increasing jobs for the unemployed. Jobs would pay prevailing wages along with health and other benefits.

Public Investment and Decent Work Cost the Government Less Than Unemployment

Newly employed workers become taxpayers, and government spends less on benefits to cover the heavy social and economic costs of unemployment to jobless workers and their families. Workers are healthier, better educated—hence more productive—and likely to earn more. Profits rise as consumption expands and capacity is more fully used. The economic stimulus of direct job creation typically spurs further, indirect job creation.

Establish a National Employment Accounting Office (NEAO) To evaluate progress, assess continuing needs for job creation and public investment and assure both community involvement and achievement of Decent Work Principles.

Step 4. Make the Minimum Wage a Living Wage Bring our inadequate minimum wage up to its 1968 level—or about $9 an hour (2006)—to be phased in gradually and linked to 60% of the average wage thereafter.

Documentation for these proposals is available at the NJFAC website or, in hard copy, from the NJFAC office (see below).

I want to join, work and support the National Jobs for All Coalition

Name: ___________________________ Affiliation, if any: ___________________________
Tel: ____________________ e-mail: __________________________ I can organize a meeting _____; approach legislators, other people & organizations _____; serve as a local organizing contact _____; volunteer for the Coalition _____
Enclosed is my tax-exempt contribution __________________________ To pay by credit card, go to http://www.njfac.org and click on “Make a Donation.” Email us your affiliation and volunteer interests. National Jobs for All Coalition (NJFAC) c/o Council on International and Public Affairs [CIPA] 777 United Nations Plaza, Suite 3C, NY, NY 10017 Tel: 212-972-9877. Fax: 212-972-9878 Website: http://www.njfac.org Email: njfac@njfac.org
The National Jobs for All Coalition is a project of the Council on International and Public Affairs.